

SUMMARY 2011 CENSUS PROFILE PLYMPTON ST MAURICE AND YEALMPSTONE NEIGHBOURHOOD



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This profile is produced as part of Plymouth's Joint Strategic Needs Assessment.

Further copies are available from Public Health, Office of the Director of Public Health,
Plymouth City Council, Windsor House, Plymouth, PL6 5UF or via ODPH@plymouth.gov.uk

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I. BACKGROUND

The census provides detailed information on housing and population which allows central and local government, health organisations, and many other agencies to target their resources more effectively and to plan housing, education, health, and transport services for the future.

The latest census took place on Sunday 27 March 2011, a decade after the previous census.

There were 56 questions on the 2011 Census questionnaire: 14 about the household in general and the accommodation, and 42 for each member of the household. For those living in Wales there was an extra question about the Welsh language. Questions about household members were based on topics including work, health, national identity, ethnic background, education, language, religion, and marital status.

These census profiles are based (with permission) on a 2012 template produced by Bristol City Council's Strategic Planning Team. They provide a summary of the key census statistics for various Plymouth geographies plus supplementary chart displays.

2. USES OF THE CENSUS AND CENSUS PROFILES

It is anticipated that these profiles will be of use to anyone with an interest in the area, both professionals and the general public alike, and how it compares to Plymouth as a whole or to England. Profiles by children's centre will be particularly useful to the managers of each centre, providing a census overview of the population they serve.

They can be used in conjunction with the 'Area Profiles', also produced by the Office of the Director of Public Health, which detail key health and social care indicators. Together these give wide-ranging information about the characteristics of geographical populations across the city and the wider determinants of health affecting them.

The profiles might be useful to decision-makers in Plymouth City Council. The information they contain can be used as a basis for setting local policies, including those concerned with education, health, housing and development, and transportation, and for commissioning services in each area according to the needs of its population. Children's Services, Planning Services and the Housing and Homes Department are just a few of the teams in Plymouth City Council that could potentially use the information. In addition, elected Councillors would be able to use this tool as part of a broader suite of information relating to the local communities they serve.

The census is an important resource for research on trends in the composition of the population and the distribution of people within it. In addition it is a source of data for the analysis and assessment of the changes occurring in the population over time, and for the construction of forecasts regarding the direction of future trends.

3. FURTHER INFORMATION

Profiles are available at neighbourhood, ward, locality, children's centre catchment areas, and children's centre cluster group geographies.

Detailed profiles are also available for the same geographies.

For any further information, or if you require profiles for one or more of the 161 Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs) that make up the city of Plymouth, please contact Sarah Macleod (sarah.macleod@plymouth.gcsx.gov.uk).

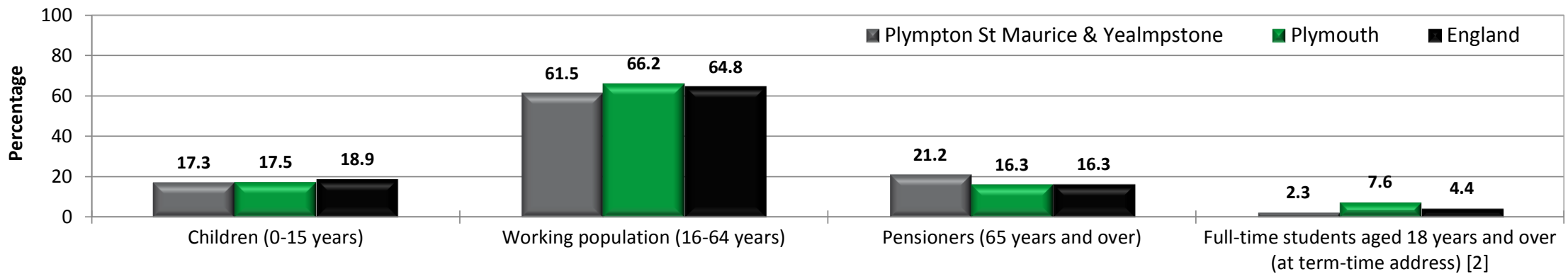
2011 Census Summary profile

Area name: **Plympton St Maurice & Yealmpstone**

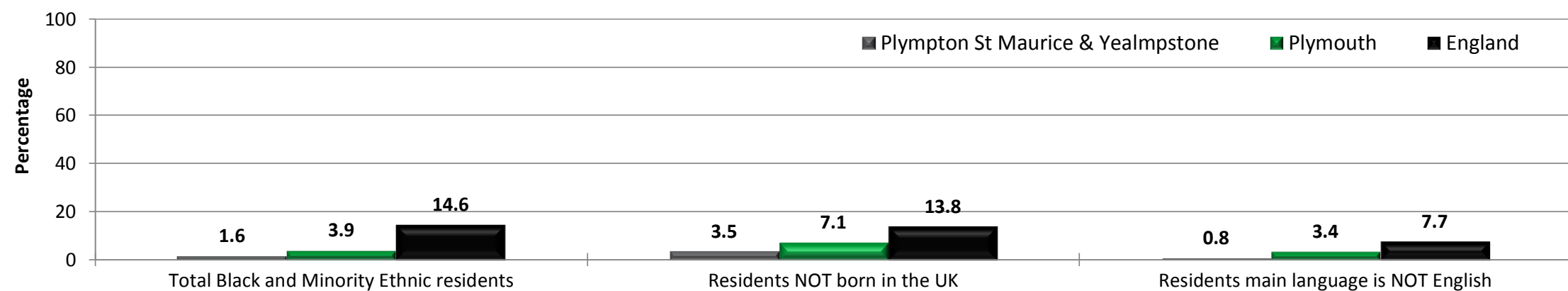
Produced by the Office of the Director of Public Health, Plymouth City Council, September 2013 (updated 13/07/16). Based on the template produced by the Strategic Planning Team, Bristol City Council 2012. Source: 2011 Census statistics from the Office for National Statistics licensed under the Open Government License v.1.0.

Area type: Neighbourhood

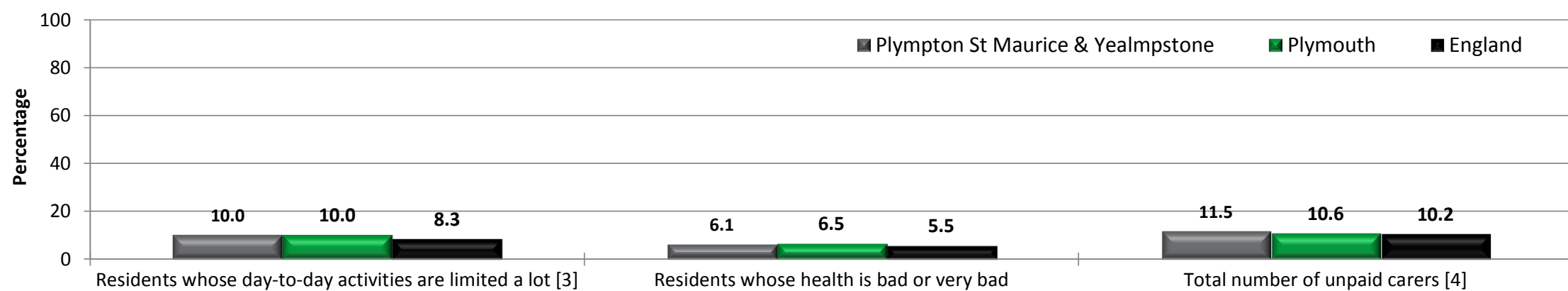
Population	Plympton St Maurice & Yealmpstone		Plymouth	England
	Value	%	%	%
Total usually resident population [1]	8,853	100.0	100.0	100.0
Children (0-15 years)	1,532	17.3	17.5	18.9
Working population (16-64 years)	5,442	61.5	66.2	64.8
Pensioners (65 years and over)	1,879	21.2	16.3	16.3
Full-time students aged 18 years and over (at term-time address) [2]	207	2.3	7.6	4.4



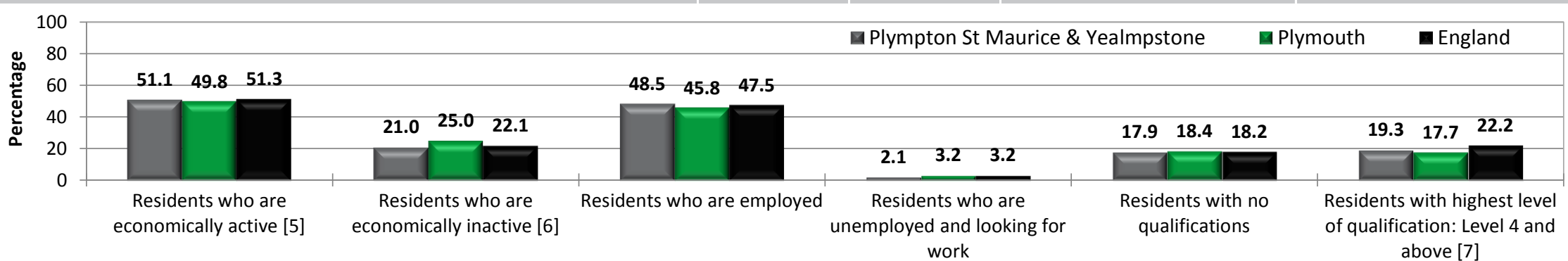
Identity	Plympton St Maurice & Yealmpstone		Plymouth	England
	Value	%	%	%
Total Black and Minority Ethnic residents	146	1.6	3.9	14.6
Residents NOT born in the UK	306	3.5	7.1	13.8
Residents main language is NOT English	69	0.8	3.4	7.7



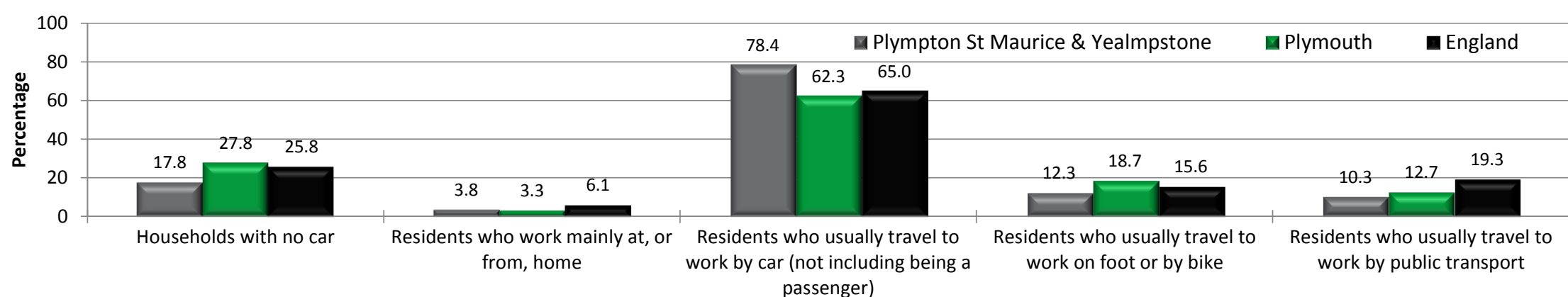
Health and Care	Plympton St Maurice & Yealmpstone		Plymouth	England
	Value	%	%	%
Residents whose day-to-day activities are limited a lot [3]	888	10.0	10.0	8.3
Residents whose health is bad or very bad	541	6.1	6.5	5.5
Total number of unpaid carers [4]	1,019	11.5	10.6	10.2



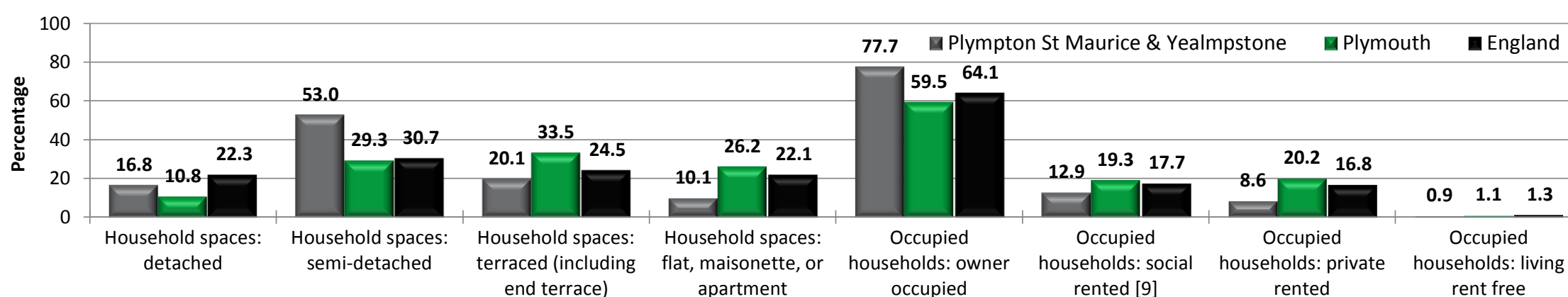
Economic activity	Plympton St Maurice & Yealmpstone		Plymouth	England
	Value	%	%	%
Residents who are economically active [5]	4,520	51.1	49.8	51.3
Residents who are economically inactive [6]	1,858	21.0	25.0	22.1
Residents who are employed	4,292	48.5	45.8	47.5
Residents who are unemployed and looking for work	185	2.1	3.2	3.2
Residents with no qualifications	1,588	17.9	18.4	18.2
Residents with highest level of qualification: Level 4 and above [7]	1,707	19.3	17.7	22.2



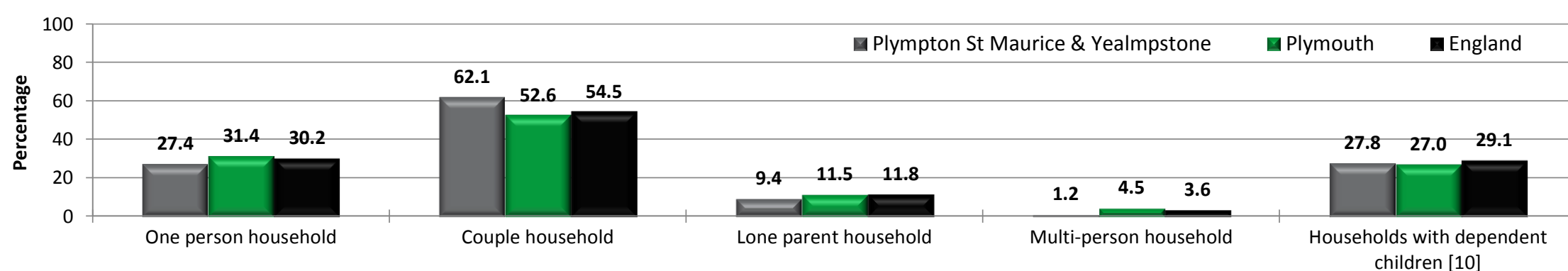
Transport	Plympton St Maurice & Yealmpstone		Plymouth		England	
	Value	%	Value	%	Value	%
Households with no car	657	17.8	1,000	27.8	1,000	25.8
Residents who work mainly at, or from, home	139	3.8	139	3.3	139	6.1
Residents who usually travel to work by car (not including being a passenger)	2,902	78.4	2,902	62.3	2,902	65.0
Residents who usually travel to work on foot or by bike	455	12.3	455	18.7	455	15.6
Residents who usually travel to work by public transport	382	10.3	382	12.7	382	19.3



Housing	Plympton St Maurice & Yealmpstone		Plymouth		England	
	Value	%	Value	%	Value	%
Total number of household spaces [8]	3,799	100.0	3,799	100.0	3,799	100.0
Household spaces: detached	637	16.8	637	10.8	637	22.3
Household spaces: semi-detached	2,013	53.0	2,013	29.3	2,013	30.7
Household spaces: terraced (including end terrace)	763	20.1	763	33.5	763	24.5
Household spaces: flat, maisonette, or apartment	382	10.1	382	26.2	382	22.1
All occupied households	3,700	100.0	3,700	100.0	3,700	100.0
Occupied households: owner occupied	2,874	77.7	2,874	59.5	2,874	64.1
Occupied households: social rented [9]	477	12.9	477	19.3	477	17.7
Occupied households: private rented	317	8.6	317	20.2	317	16.8
Occupied households: living rent free	32	0.9	32	1.1	32	1.3



Household composition	Plympton St Maurice & Yealmpstone		Plymouth		England	
	Value	%	Value	%	Value	%
One person household	1,012	27.4	1,012	31.4	1,012	30.2
Couple household	2,298	62.1	2,298	52.6	2,298	54.5
Lone parent household	346	9.4	346	11.5	346	11.8
Multi-person household	44	1.2	44	4.5	44	3.6
Households with dependent children [10]	1,029	27.8	1,029	27.0	1,029	29.1



Footnotes:

"-" corresponds to a value of zero

[1] A usual resident of the UK is anyone who, on census date, was in the UK and had stayed or intended to stay in the UK for a period of 12 months or more, or had a permanent UK address and was living outside the UK and intended to be outside the UK for less than 12 months.

[2] Students in full-time education studying away from their family home are treated as usually resident at their term-time address.

[3] A long-term health problem or disability that limits a person's day-to-day activities a lot, and has lasted, or is expected to last, at least 12 months. This includes problems related to old age.

[4] A person is a provider of unpaid care if they look after or give help or support to family members, friends, neighbours, or others because of long-term physical or mental ill-health or disability or problems related to old age.

[5] A person aged 16 to 74 is described as economically active if, in the week before the census, they were: (i) in employment, as an employee or self-employed; (ii) not in employment but were seeking work and ready to start work within two weeks; or (iii) not in employment, but waiting to start a job already obtained and available.

[6] A person aged 16 to 74 is described as economically inactive if, in the week before the census, they were not in employment but did not meet the criteria to be classified as 'unemployed'. This includes a person looking for work but not available to start work within two weeks, as well as anyone not looking for work, or unable to work.

[7] Level 4+ qualifications: Degree, Higher Degree, NVQ Level 4-5, HNC, HND, RSA Higher Diploma, BTEC Higher Level, Foundation degree, Professional qualifications (e.g. teaching, nursing). [8] A household is defined as one person living alone or a group of people (not necessarily related) living at the same address who share cooking facilities and share a living room or dining area. Percentages do not add to 100 as not all categories are shown.

[9] The Census asked respondents to identify who their landlord is and the results reflect the responses. In the past decade many local authorities have transferred the management of their housing stock to other social landlords. Individuals responding to the Census will report their understanding of their landlord and this may not reflect the actual management in all cases.

[10] A dependent child is a person aged 0-15 years in a household or aged 16-18 in full-time education and living in a family with his/her parent(s).

Data downloaded from Nomis 09-13 September 2013 Version 2.0 13/02/14

<http://www.nomisweb.co.uk/census/2011>

For any further information please contact: Sarah Macleod (sarah.macleod@plymouth.gov.uk)

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